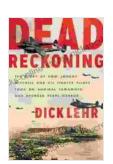
The Story of How Johnny Mitchell and His Fighter Pilots Took On Admiral Yamamoto

In the spring of 1942, the United States was reeling from the attack on Pearl Harbor. The Japanese had destroyed much of the American fleet, and they were poised to strike again. Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto, the commander of the Japanese Combined Fleet, was planning a massive attack on the Midway Atoll, a key American outpost in the Pacific. If Yamamoto's attack succeeded, it would be a major blow to the American war effort.

The Americans were desperate to stop Yamamoto's attack, but they didn't know where he was. They had no way of tracking his fleet, and they had no idea where he would strike. Then, on May 27, 1942, a U.S. Navy patrol plane spotted Yamamoto's fleet heading towards Midway. The Americans had their chance to stop him, but they needed to act quickly.



Dead Reckoning: The Story of How Johnny Mitchell and His Fighter Pilots Took on Admiral Yamamoto and Avenged Pearl Harbor by Dick Lehr

★ ★ ★ ★ 4.6 out of 5 Language : English File size : 12363 KB : Enabled Text-to-Speech Screen Reader : Supported Enhanced typesetting: Enabled X-Rav : Enabled Word Wise : Enabled Print length : 415 pages The American carrier task force sent out a group of fighter planes to intercept Yamamoto's fleet. The fighter planes were led by Lieutenant Colonel John Mitchell, a 32-year-old pilot from Alabama. Mitchell and his pilots were outnumbered and outgunned, but they were determined to stop Yamamoto. They flew into a hail of anti-aircraft fire, and they engaged the Japanese fighters in a fierce dogfight. Mitchell and his pilots shot down several Japanese planes, and they forced the rest to retreat. Yamamoto's attack on Midway was thwarted, and the Americans had won a major victory.

Mitchell and his pilots were hailed as heroes. They had saved Midway, and they had helped to turn the tide of the war in the Pacific. Mitchell was awarded the Medal of Honor for his bravery and leadership. He continued to serve in the Navy until the end of the war, and he retired as a rear admiral in 1964.

Mitchell's story is an inspiring example of courage and determination. He and his pilots faced overwhelming odds, but they refused to give up. They fought bravely and they won a great victory. Their story is a reminder that anything is possible if you have the courage to fight for it.

The Battle of Midway

The Battle of Midway was a turning point in the Pacific War. It was the first time that the Americans had defeated the Japanese in a major naval battle. The battle took place on June 4-7, 1942, and it resulted in the sinking of four Japanese aircraft carriers, one battleship, and one cruiser. The

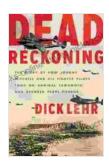
Americans also shot down over 300 Japanese planes. The Battle of Midway was a major victory for the Americans, and it helped to turn the tide of the war in the Pacific.

Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto

Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto was the commander of the Japanese Combined Fleet during the Battle of Midway. He was a brilliant naval strategist, and he was one of the most respected admirals in the Japanese Navy. Yamamoto was responsible for planning the attack on Pearl Harbor, and he also planned the attack on Midway. Yamamoto was killed in the Battle of Midway when his plane was shot down by American fighter pilots.

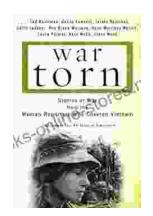
Lieutenant Colonel John Mitchell

Lieutenant Colonel John Mitchell was the leader of the fighter planes that intercepted Yamamoto's fleet at Midway. He was a 32-year-old pilot from Alabama, and he was awarded the Medal of Honor for his bravery and leadership. Mitchell continued to serve in the Navy until the end of the war, and he retired as a rear admiral in 1964.



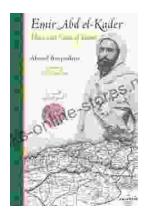
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