

Great King Hammurabi and His Code of Law: Ancient History Illustrated Children

Imagine living in a world without any laws. There would be chaos! People would be free to do whatever they wanted, and there would be no way to punish them if they did something wrong. This is why laws are so important. They help to keep order in society and protect people from being harmed.

One of the first written laws in history was the Code of Hammurabi. It was created by King Hammurabi of Babylon in Mesopotamia, which is now part of Iraq. Hammurabi was a great and powerful king who ruled for 43 years. He was known for his wisdom and justice. He wanted to create a fair and just society for his people, so he wrote down a set of laws that everyone had to follow.



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by Baby Professor

★★★★☆ 4.8 out of 5

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The Code of Hammurabi was carved into a large stone pillar called a stele. The stele was placed in the center of the city of Babylon, where everyone

could see it. The code contained 282 laws that covered everything from murder to theft to property disputes. The laws were very harsh, and many of them called for the death penalty. However, the code also included some important protections for people, such as the right to a fair trial and the right to own property.

The Code of Hammurabi was a major advance in the development of law. It was one of the first attempts to create a written set of laws that applied to everyone. It helped to establish order and justice in Babylonian society. The code is still studied today by historians and legal scholars.

Here are some examples of the laws in the Code of Hammurabi:

- If a man kills another man, he shall be put to death.
- If a man steals an ox or a sheep, he shall pay 30 times its value.
- If a man breaks into a house, he shall be put to death.
- If a man strikes a free man, he shall pay 1 mina of silver.
- If a man strikes a slave, he shall pay half a mina of silver.

As you can see, the laws in the Code of Hammurabi were very harsh. However, they were also fair and just. They helped to protect people from being harmed and to ensure that everyone was treated equally under the law.

Hammurabi's Legacy

Hammurabi is still remembered today as one of the greatest kings in history. His Code of Law was a major achievement, and it helped to establish the foundation for modern law. Hammurabi's legacy is one of

justice and fairness. He believed that everyone should be treated equally under the law, and he worked to create a society where everyone could live in peace and harmony.

Here are some images of the Code of Hammurabi and other artifacts from his time:



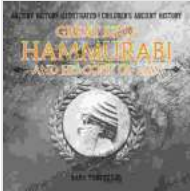


This statue of Hammurabi was found in the ruins of Babylon. It shows the king seated on his throne, holding a scepter and a ring.



I hope you enjoyed learning about King Hammurabi and his Code of Law. He was a great king who made a lasting contribution to the world. His laws helped to establish order and justice in Babylonian society, and they continue to be studied today by historians and legal scholars.

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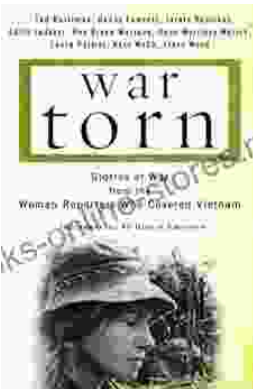
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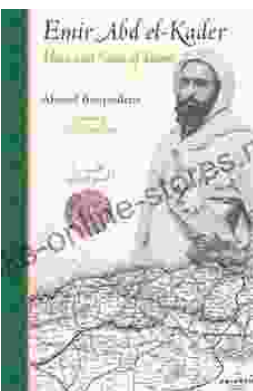
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